

Special Member Functions Solutions

Special Member Functions

- Briefly describe the purpose of the special member functions:
- Constructor
 - Called after memory has been allocated for an object
 - Initializes the object's data members, using the arguments to the call
 - Can also be used to configure the object before use
- Copy constructor
 - Similar to constructor, but the initial values are taken from another object of the same class

Special Member Functions

- Assignment operator
 - Assigns an existing object's members, using values taken from another object of the same class
- Destructor
 - Performs any cleaning-up operations required before the object is destroyed

Test class

- Write down simple definitions of the special member functions for the following class

```
class Test {  
    int i;  
    string str;  
public:  
    ...  
};
```

Constructor

```
// Initialize object from arguments  
Test(int i, const string& str) : i(i), str(str) {  
    // Allocate memory, connect to database, etc  
}
```

Copy constructor

```
// Initialize object from another Test object  
Test(const Test& other) : i(other.i), str(other.str) {  
    // Configure object (if needed)  
}
```

Assignment Operator

```
// Assign object from another Test object
Test& operator =(const Test& other) {
    i = other.i;
    str = other.str;
    return *this;           // Return assigned-to object
}
```

Destructor

```
// Prepare object to be released  
~Test() {  
    // Release allocated memory, close the connection to the database, etc  
}
```